

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

October 3, 2019

GENERAL

Benton Resources Inc. ("Benton" or the "Company") was incorporated on November 8, 2011 as 0924698 B.C. Ltd. (renamed Benton Resources Inc. on July 25, 2012) under the laws of British Columbia and is a development stage public company whose shares began trading on the TSX Venture Exchange on August 1, 2012 under the symbol "BEX". Its principal business activities are the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties.

The following discussion of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company constitutes management's review of the factors that affected the Company's financial and operating performance for the year ended June 30, 2019. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of Benton Resources Inc. for the year ended June 30, 2019, including the notes thereto.

Unless otherwise stated, all amounts discussed herein are denominated in Canadian dollars and all financial information (as derived from the Company's condensed interim financial statements) has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain information regarding the Company within Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) may include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included in this MD&A that address activities, events or developments that the Company expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future, including such things as future business strategy, goals, expansion and growth of the Company's businesses, operations, plans and other such matters are forward-looking statements. When used in this MD&A the words "estimate", "plan", "anticipate", "expect", "intend", "believe" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results in the future to differ materially from those anticipated in forward-looking statements. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS

The focus of the Company is to seek out and explore mineral properties of potential economic significance and advance these projects through prospecting, sampling, geological mapping and geophysical surveying, trenching, and diamond drilling to enable management to determine if further work is justified. The Company's property portfolio consists of projects focusing on gold, base metals and platinum group metals.

FINANCIAL & OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

Overall Performance

Within the last decade, the global financial markets have experienced a significant amount of volatility and uncertainty. Share prices of junior exploration companies listed on the TSX Venture Exchange, including the Company, have experienced a significant impact as a result. Equity financing for the junior resource sector, its primary source of capital, can be difficult to obtain in such conditions. While conditions have improved as of late, obtaining financing in the junior exploration environment can still present challenges.

While the Company has no long-term debt and has sufficient working capital to fund current operations, the sustainability of the financial markets related to the mineral exploration sector cannot be determined. This continually poses a challenge for the Company to effectively manage its capital. Management has and will continue to evaluate strategic opportunities to aggressively acquire favourable advanced assets at depressed prices.

Overall, the Company feels it can effectively balance its growth opportunities with its need to conserve capital at this time. Planned project expenditures are continually reviewed to ensure efficient and effective exploration is conducted and if needed, to reduce costs accordingly.

Financial Condition

The Company's cash balance as at June 30, 2019 was \$65,665 compared to \$180,264 at June 30, 2018 along with \$3,118,396 in temporary investments compared to \$1,035,572 as at June 30, 2018. Cash and temporary investments increased during the current year due to the receipt of the cash proceeds on the disposition of the Cape Ray property to Matador Mining Ltd. that closed during fiscal 2018. Current assets of the Company as at June 30, 2019 were \$3,387,213 compared to \$6,817,943 as at June 30, 2018, a change related to the receipt of 8 million ordinary shares of Matador Capital Ltd. recorded in long-term investments in the current year but were accrued in receivables at June 30, 2018. Total assets as at June 30, 2019 were \$7,675,434 compared to \$8,891,513 as at June 30, 2018. Current liabilities as at June 30, 2019 were \$71,622 compared to \$44,954 as at June 30, 2018 an increase related to the timing of settlement of liabilities at or around the year end.

Results of Operations

The loss and comprehensive loss for the year period ended June 30, 2019 was \$1,330,133 (\$0.02 loss per common share) as compared to income and comprehensive income of \$2,073,348 (\$0.03 income per common share) in the previous year, the change due the disposition of the Cape Ray property in the previous year.

Expenses incurred during the year ended June 30, 2019 consist of:

- i) Advertising and promotion expenses of \$85,700 (June 30, 2018 \$71,911) (marginal increase).
- ii) Share-based payments of \$73,866 (June 30, 2018 \$71,435) (recorded upon vesting of stock options to employees, directors and officers and is dependent upon vesting levels in a given year).
- iii) General and administrative expenses of \$554,767 (June 30, 2018 \$836,830) (includes salaries and benefits as well as office and related costs and decreased due to less personnel during the current year).
- iv) Professional fees of \$54,551 (June 30, 2018 \$51,170) (varies upon timing of the provision of professional services).
- v) Consulting fees of \$nil (June 30, 2018 \$16,667) (declined due to expired consulting contract in fiscal 2018).
- vi) Stock exchange and filing fees of \$10,199 (June 30, 2018 \$9,910) (dependent upon transactions requiring exchange approval and their timing).
- vii) Depreciation expense of \$23,477 (June 30, 2018- \$28,114).
- viii) Pre-acquisition exploration and evaluation expenses of \$35,190 (June 30, 2018 \$10,763) (increased due to an increase in project generative activity in the current period).
- ix) Write-down of exploration and evaluation assets of \$321,354 (June 30, 2018 \$80,598) (increase related to current-period write down of the Bolton Bay, GNP and Cape Eagle projects).
- x) Foreign currency translation adjustment of \$8,296 (loss) (June 30, 2018 \$6,449 (gain)) (change based upon period-end value of US dollar relative to Cdn dollar for purposes of translating US investment holdings).

Cash Flows

The cash flows provided by operating activities was \$2,638,218 for the year ended June 30, 2019 compared to cash used in operating activities of \$905,916 in the prior year due the receipt in the current year of the cash proceeds on the disposition of the Cape Ray properties. Cash from financing activities was nil for the year ended June 30, 2019 as compared to \$290,125 provided by financing activities was \$669,993 for the year ended June 30, 2019 as compared to cash used in investing activities was \$669,993 for the year ended June 30, 2019 as compared to cash used in investing activities of \$267,274 in the previous year, a increase due largely to a large decline in proceeds received on the disposition of long-term investments in the current year when compared to the prior year.

EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Mineral property acquisition, exploration and development expenditures are deferred until the properties are placed into production, sold, impaired or abandoned. These deferred costs will be amortized over the estimated useful life of the properties following commencement of production, or written-down if the properties are allowed to lapse, are impaired, or are abandoned. It should be noted that unless otherwise stated in the discussion below, any quoted assay widths or intervals are core lengths and do not necessarily represent true thicknesses, generally because not enough technical information is available to estimate these. The deferred costs associated with each property for the year ended June 30, 2019 and year ended June 30, 2018 are summarized in the tables below:

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Saganaga/Q9	Bedivere	Panama Lake	Other	T ()
	 (a)	(c)	(d)	(e)	Total
June 30, 2018 Acquisition Costs	\$ -	208,355	4,610	59,198	272,163
Additions	-	48,500	17,381	18,683	84,564
Write-downs/Recoveries/Disposals (f)	-	-	-	(73,036)	(73,036)
Subtotal	\$ 	48,500	17,381	(54,353)	11,528
June 30, 2019 - Acquisition Costs	\$ 	256,855	21,991	4,845	283,691
June 30, 2018 - Exploration					
and Evaluation Expenditures	\$ 1,018	1,093,728	5,736	190,157	1,290,639
Assaying	1,036	72	19,786	10,800	31,694
Prospecting	5,430	117	34,814	11,409	51,770
Geological	-	-	3,869	-	3,869
Geophysical	-	3,983	103,988	7,658	115,629
Line Cutting	-	-	-	-	-
Trenching	-	3,275	-	44,704	47,979
Diamond Drilling	-	5,204	356,827	80,809	442,840
Miscellaneous	2,631	3,827	16,761	17,928	41,147
Write-downs/Recoveries/Disposals (e)		(100,000)	-	(285,615)	(385,615)
Subtotal	\$ 9,097	(83,522)	536,045	(112,307)	349,313
June 30, 2019 - Exploration					
and Evaluation Expenditures	\$ 10,115	1,010,206	541,781	77,850	1,639,952
June 30, 2019 - Total	\$ 10,115	1,267,061	563,772	82,695	1,923,643

For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Saganaga/Q9	Cape Ray	Bedivere	Panama Lake	Other	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	Total
June 30, 2017 - Acquisition Costs	\$ -	836,412	89,914	4,610	144,170	1,075,106
Additions	-	21,435	118,441	-	79,043	218,919
Write-downs/Recoveries/Disposals (f)		(857,847)	-	-	(164,015)	(1,021,862)
Subtotal	\$	(836,412)	118,441	-	(84,972)	802,943
June 30, 2018 - Acquisition Costs	\$	-	208,355	4,610	59,198	272,163
June 30, 2017 - Exploration						
and Evaluation Expenditures	\$ -	1,406,990	272,345	5,736	725,447	2,410,518
Assaying	_	6,567	21,673	_	4,579	32,819
Prospecting	-	53,090	14,829	-	43,811	111,730
Geological	-	15,177	4,067	-		19,244
Geophysical	-	5,506	57,108	-	57,315	119,929
Line Cutting	-		28,469	-	-	28,469
Trenching	-	-	8,055	-	-	8,055
Diamond Drilling	-	30,680	677,489	-	15,554	723,723
Metallurgy	-	4,597	-	-	-	4,597
Resource Modeling	-	1,924	-	-	-	1,924
NI 43-101 Reporting	-	481	-	-	20	501
Environmental	-	481	-	-	-	481
Miscellaneous	1,018	5,463	9,693	-	6,458	22,632
Write-downs/Recoveries/Disposals (f)	-	(1,530,956)	-	-	(663,027)	(2,193,983)
Subtotal	\$ 1,018	(1,406,990)	821,383	-	(535,290)	(1,119,879)
June 30, 2018 - Exploration		. ,			,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and Evaluation Expenditures	\$1,018	-	1,903,728	5,736	190,157	1,290,639
June 30, 2018 - Total	\$ <u>1,018</u>	-	1,302,083	10,346	249,355	1,562,802

(a) Saganaga Lake/Q9 Property

Highlights:

- 100% owned by the Company subject to two underlying NSR agreements
- Properties consist of 27 multi-cell mining claims that cover a number of high-grade gold occurrences within a 20km segment of the southwestern section of the Shebandowan Greenstone belt.
- The property is located approximately 120km west of Thunder Bay and accessed by a well-maintained logging road.
- Contains four historical showing areas; the Powell Zone, Beaver Pond Zone, Minnow Pond Zone and the Starr Zone. With the exception of the Powell Zone, most gold showings occur along the western contact of a gabbro plug.
- In 2006, Teck Cominco completed a 2,003m (11 hole) drill program on the Saganaga property (focused on the Starr Zone) and found that highly anomalous gold values (up to 5.36gpt over 20m) were returned from areas where the host rock is strongly albitized with high percentages of clotted pyrite. The results of this program indicated a strong correlation between anomalous gold values and areas of weak to strong albite alteration.
- The Q9 property contains the historical Lake Shore showing, and a new showing called the Megan zone, which was trenched with channel samples assaying up to 8.16gpt gold and 124.85gpt silver. Trenching in the vicinity of the Megan zone also uncovered an altered quartz vein that assayed 61.2gpt gold over 0.25m. The quartz vein was encountered again approximately 50m to the southwest and channel samples here assayed up to 4.4gpt gold over 2.5m.
- Early in 2012, Benton Completed a 2,654m drill program at Saganaga and the results of this campaign were as follows:

		ANAGA 2012 DRILL		
Drill Hole	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (gpt)
SAG12-21	18.7	19.7	1	3.19
	55.1	62.9	7.8	0.81
incl	60.4	62.9	2.5	1.98
SAG12-22	85.55	101.6	16.05	0.385
incl	85.55	94.2	8.65	0.546
incl	87.7	94.2	6.5	0.618
and	166.3	167.3	1	0.558
SAG12-23				nsa
SAG12-24	7.5	14.05	6.55	0.213
SAG12-25	48.1	52.4	4.3	0.299
SAG12-26	6.9	13.5	6.6	0.189
and	25.5	31.5	6	0.92
and	110.2	124.5	14.3	0.158
and	150	151.4	1.4	0.543
SAG12-27	135.5	203.2	67.7	0.153
incl	151.2	186.5	35.3	0.18
incl	175	185.5	11.5	0.254
incl	199.9	203.2	3.3	0.624
SAG12-28	144.5	172.75	28.25	1.004
incl	144.5	154.5	10	2.012
and	164	170	6	0.883
SAG12-29				nsa
SAG12-30	16.25	17.1	0.85	1.313
and	43.55	44.35	0.8	1.094
SAG12-31	6	6.55	0.55	1.264
SAG12-32	14.3	15.5	1.2	0.816
SAG12-33	50.7	52.25	1.55	1.991
and	95.6	96.95	1.35	0.515
SAG12-34	1.2	9.4	8.2	5.513
incl	1.2	5	3.8	11.344
and	56	65	9	0.279
and	86	89	3	0.84
SAG12-35	38	39	1	0.671
and	129.5	164.8	35.3	0.35
incl	129.5	139	9.5	0.516
incl	146.5	153	6.5	0.815
incl	159	163.8	5.8	0.261
SAG12-36	46.8	47.5	0.7	3.03
and	166	171.3	5.3	0.308
and	178	184.2	6.2	0.286

SAGANAGA 2012 DRILL HOLES

Plans:

• The Company has no current plans or budgets to explore the Saganaga/Q9 properties and as such, the project is available for option, sale or may be explored again in the future.

(b) Cape Ray

The Cape Ray gold project encompasses three claim packages that were consolidated by the Company through staking and acquisition, collectively considered to be the Cape Ray Project. These various claim groups are as follows:

Windowglass Hill and 51 Zone Deposits

- Acquired from Cornerstone Capital Resources Inc. ("Cornerstone") in fiscal 2013 initially as an option to earn a 75% interest but later under a revised agreement, the Company purchased 100% of the property. In total, Benton issued 375,000 common shares and paid \$200,000 in cash for the project.
- Located approximately 25km northeast of the town of Port aux Basques in southwestern Newfoundland.
- Consists of a single 183-claim mineral license, which covers an area of 4,575ha.
- Cornerstone retains a 0.25% NSR in addition to the pre-existing 1.75% NSR for a total of 2% of which Benton can buy back 1% NSR for \$1 million.
- Covers a 22km-long strike length of the Cape Ray Fault Zone, a significant gold-bearing structure.

04, 41, Isle aux Morts and Big Pond Deposits

- Acquired 100% from Tenacity Gold Mining Company Ltd. in 2013 by issuing 3 million common shares and paying \$400,000 over a one-year period. Claims are subject to a sliding scale NSR on the production of metals: a 3% NSR on production when the gold price is below \$2,000 per ounce; a 4% NSR when gold is from \$2,000 per ounce or more but less than \$3,000 per ounce subject to the right of the Company to buy back 1% NSR for \$500,000; and a 5% NSR when gold is \$3,000 or above subject to the right of the Company to buy back 1% NSR for \$500,000.
- Consists of four mining claims that encompass the 04, 41, Isle aux Morts and the Big Pond gold deposits located in southwest Newfoundland.
- Claims are contiguous to the 51 and Windowglass Hill deposits.

Cape Ray East

- 100% owned and was acquired by staking.
- Comprised of 510 contiguous claims.
- Located approximately 30km northeast of Port aux Basques, southwestern Newfoundland, at the southernmost point and continues in a northeast and easterly direction for approximately 40km.

Nordmin Engineering Option and Joint Venture (04/41/51/WGH Deposits)

- Executed a letter of intent ("LOI") with Nordmin Engineering Ltd. ("Nordmin") in fiscal 2015 with revisions made in 2016 on the 04, 41, 51 and Windowglass Hill deposits (the "Project").
- Nordmin had the right to earn up to a 50% interest in the Project through a series of expenditures and services to be provided.
- During the year ended June 30, 2017, Nordmin notified Benton that they have elected not to complete the necessary milestones required in the agreement to earn a 30% interest in the project and as a result the partners formed an 80% Benton and 20% Nordmin joint venture.

Matador Mining Limited

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Company signed a binding term sheet with Matador Mining Limited ("Matador") of Western Australia for the sale of Benton's 80% interest in the four main Cape Ray Deposits (held in an 80%-Benton 20%-Nordmin Engineering Limited joint venture as described above) as well as a 100% interest in its remaining land positions held in the Cape Ray mining belt, which includes the Isle aux Morts and Big Pond deposits, for a cash payment of AUD \$3.25 million (AUD = Australian dollars with an exchange rate at June 30,

2018 of AUD \$1 = \$0.9733 CAD) and \$,000,000 ordinary shares of Matador based on an underlying value of AUD \$0.25/share (the "Consideration Shares") for a total consideration of AUD \$5.25 million. The Company also received \$33,333 options exercisable at a price of AUD \$0.30 a share for a period of 2 years following the date of issuance.

Benton was operating under an exclusivity agreement with Matador Capital Pty Ltd ("Matador Capital") pursuant to which it received AUD \$120,000 in cash from Matador Capital and was to continue to receive AUD \$50,000 per month from Matador until all conditions in the binding term sheet were satisfied. The payment made by Matador during the exclusivity period was deducted from the AUD \$3.25 million cash payment. The exclusivity payment was recorded as a reduction to the deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures associated with the Cape Ray project.

In order to complete the terms contained within the binding term sheet, Matador was required to:

- obtain shareholder approval for the issuance of the 8 million Consideration Shares;
- obtain shareholder approval to issue shares in order to complete a capital raise in the amount of not less than AUD \$5 million at AUD \$0.25 per share;
- obtain regulatory approval from the Australian Securities Exchange for the terms of the binding term sheet; and
- pay to Benton the AUD \$3.25 million in cash and issue 8 million Consideration Shares of Matador as well as the 833,333 options.

Matador completed the above conditions during the year ended June 30, 2018 and the Cape Ray mineral licenses were transferred accordingly. Accounts receivable for the cash and share proceeds due on the disposition was accrued at June 30, 2018. The cash and share proceeds were received during the fiscal 2019 period. The gain on disposition was recorded in the year ended June 30, 2018. The Consideration Shares received were recorded at the June 30, 2018 closing price of AUD \$0.30.

In addition, Benton retains a 1% NSR on the 100% owned Cape Ray mineral licenses, more specifically those licenses acquired by Matador from Benton that contain no other underlying NSRs. Matador has the right to buy back 50% of this NSR by paying Benton AUD \$1 million. Matador assumed all other underlying NSR obligations associated with the 04/41/51/Windowglass Hill/Big Pond/Isle aux Morts deposit claim packages.

(c) Bedivere

Highlights:

- Acquired under option to earn a 100% interest from Traxxin Resources ("Traxxin") in 2016.
- Consists of 109 units in 12 claims and is located 130km west of Thunder Bay, Ontario, 18km north of Highway 11 and is accessible by new logging roads in the area.
- Subject to 3% NSR in favour of Traxxin of which 1% NSR can be purchased by Benton at the Company's election for \$1 million. The Company also granted to Traxxin a 1% NSR on surrounding ground staked by the Company as long as the Company or any of its affiliates holds an interest in the optioned claims.
- Terms include expending \$1 million in exploration over four years (minimum \$250,000 in first year completed) and paying \$450,000 cash and issuing 3 million shares to Traxxin over four years initially but was formally amended in the current year to seven years as follows with the amendments reflected below:
 - \$45,000 and 300,000 Company common shares on October 31, 2016 (paid and issued);
 - \$85,000 and 600,000 Company common shares on October 31, 2017 (paid and issued);
 - \$35,000 and 300,000 Company common shares on October 31, 2018; (as amended, paid and issued)
 - \$50,000 and 300,000 Company common shares on October 31, 2019;
 - \$65,000 and 400,000 Company common shares on October 31, 2020;
 - \$80,000 and 500,000 Company common shares on October 31, 2021, and
 - \$90,000 and 600,000 Company common shares on October 31, 2022.
- Traxxin prospecting resulted in a new high-grade gold discovery where surface grab samples returned assays ranging from trace up to 1,281gpt gold, some of which contained impressive visible gold (see Company website for photos).
- Benton completed limited due diligence surface sampling along the 250m long partially exposed quartz system and confirmed the presence of highly anomalous gold from trace to 2.5gpt gold.

- The structure had been completely untested by diamond drilling and had seen little historical exploration, despite there being over 4km of gold-mineralized strike length.
- Benton completed aeromagnetic and airborne electromagnetic surveys that appear to delineate the northeastoriented gold-bearing structure that hosts the original gold discovery (Traxxin Zone),
- Initial soil sampling results returned grades ranging from trace to as high as 2,160ppb gold along the quartzrelated system for approximately 200m before the system was lost under a swamp.
- The Company also completed approximately 17km of grid and conducted an Induced Polarization ("IP") geophysical survey.
- During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Company completed a total of 27 diamond drill holes in three drill programs. Highlights from hole BED-17-013 include 0.8gpt gold over 23.0m including 3.09gpt gold over 4.0m and 11.2gpt gold over 1.0m as well as a lower zone of 4.04gpt gold over 1.0m. Assay results from drilling by the Company are summarized in the table below:

Drill Hole		From	То	Interval (m)	Grade (Au gpt)
BED-17-001		2.7	5	2.3	1.82
		17.9	31.9	14.0	1.50
		17.9	21.9	4.0	3.63
	incl	17.9	19.9	2.0	6.43
	incl	25.9	28.9	3.0	1.41
BED-17-002		20.3	24.3	4.0	0.77
	incl	22.3	23.3	1.0	1.98
		51	52	1.0	4.85
BED-17-003		22.7	23.7	1.0	37.3
BED-17-004		39.8	40.8	1.0	1.10
		49.4	52.2	2.8	0.96
	incl	51.2	52.2	1.0	1.86
BED-17-005		34	56.2	22.2	1.07
	incl	37.8	56.2	18.4	1.26
		43.8	56.2	12.4	1.71
		50.5	56.2	5.7	3.37
		52.5	55.2	2.7	6.59
		53.3	55.2	1.9	8.9
BED-17-006		51	53	2.0	2.66
BED-17-007		38	51	13.0	0.63
	incl	50	51	1.0	5.46
BED-17-008		50	51	1.0	2.65
BED-17-009				NSA	
BED-17-010		32.3	34.3	2.0	0.44
BED-17-011		31.4	45	13.6	0.34
Incl		31.4	35.7	4.3	0.51
BED-17-012		23.9	25	1.1	0.74
BED-17-013		12.5	35.5	23.0	0.80
	incl	12.5	16.5	4.0	3.09
		14.5	15.5	1.0	11.2

Drill Hole	From	То	Interval	Grade (Au gpt)
	34.5	35.5	1.0	4.04
BED-17-014	13	49	36.0	0.63
inc	1 13	25	12.0	1.16
	13	18	5.0	2.06
	23	25	2.0	1.40
	44	49	5.0	1.55
	44	45	1.0	5.83
BED-17-015A			NSA	
BED-17-016	84.7	92.7	8.0	2.40
inc	88.9	92.7	3.8	4.76
	88.9	91	2.1	7.87
BED-17-017			NSA	
BED-17-018	42.7	62.2	19.5	0.13
BED-17-019	74.2	80	5.8	2.03
inc	1 74.2	78.2	4.0	2.73
BED-17-020	67.9	71.6	3.7	0.35
BED-17-021	58.1	100	42.3	0.21
BED-17-022	117.2	137.2	20	1.61
	117.9	130	12.1	2.35
	122.6	130	7.4	3.43
	124.6	125.6	1	7.65
	129	130	1	9.11
BED-17-023	37.4	38.4	1	5.47
BED-18-024	_		NSA*	
BED-18-025	_		NSA*	
BED-18-026			NSA*	
BED-18-027			NSA*	

NSA = No Significant Assays

(d) Panama Lake

The 100%-owned Panama Lake gold project is located in the Red Lake mining district, 55km northeast of the town of Ear Falls and is accessible by road. Historical work is minimal and prior to acquisition by the Company the last diamond drill campaign on the property was completed by Noranda Exploration Company, Ltd. in 1988 where eight widely-spaced diamond drill holes over a 1.4km strike-length yielded results of up to 2.8gpt Au over 4.5m within a 20-30m wide mineralized shear zone. In addition, a glacial till sampling survey (Geological Survey of Canada, 1999 - Open File 3038) collected a sample on the Panama Lake gold project, which contained 107 gold grains, the highest count in the survey.

In light of Great Bear Resources Ltd.'s ("Great Bear") new discovery in the Red Lake district (see Great Bear's press release dated August 22, 2018), Benton spent a number of days in the current period prospecting at Panama Lake, which lies 60km east of Great Bear's Dixie Project. A total of 24 samples was collected across the project area, six of which show promising results in a previously underexplored area. Five samples collected from an altered and silicified sedimentary iron formation containing quartz veining, pyrite, pyrrhotite and arsenopyrite, graded between 0.17gpt Au and 6.17gpt Au. The sampling was completed in a poorly-exposed area over 20m long and located approximately 275m northwest of the above-mentioned Geological Survey of Canada ("GSC") till sample. Another sample containing 0.68gpt Au was collected 100m southwest of the GSC till sample. The new

showings are associated with a distinct magnetic high (Ontario Geological Survey, 2003, Uchi-Bruce Lakes Area Airborne Survey), which extends for over 120km. Benton staked a number of cell claims enlarging the Panama project to 7,446 hectares.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company carried out an approximately 1,000m-diamond drill program at Panama Lake. The drilling focused on the new surface sampling discovery from prospecting completed in 2018. A second series of holes tested the Panama Zone where the Noranda drilling was carried out. Each hole from the program returned anomalous gold values.

Hole	From	То	Interval	Gold (gpt)
	(m)	(m)	(m)	
PL-19-01	79.6	87.2	7.6	1.58
incl	79.6	84.3	4.7	2.34
PL-19-02	148.5	155	6.5	1.23
PL-19-03	79.6	85.4	5.8	1.21
incl	82.4	84.4	2.0	2.55
PL-19-04	72.8	78.6	5.8	1.07
incl	75.8	78.6	2.8	1.67
PL-19-05B	77.5	93.6	16.1	0.57
incl	89.0	91.0	2.0	2.07
PL-19-06	82.0	83.0	1.0	0.427
PL-19-07	35.4	36.4	1.0	0.563
PL-19-08	270.5	279.0	8.4	0.18
PL-19-09	100.0	102.0	2.0	0.425

Highlights from the drilling program are as follows:

The Company completed a highly detailed, 50-metre spaced airborne magnetic survey over the entire project during the current year. The survey was conducted in order to aid in targeting favourable structures, folds and lithological contacts for summer prospecting and mapping. The Company received data from the survey, which identified several high priority targets for immediate follow up. Of particular interest is a distinct fold that extends over 600m west from the known mineralization at the Panama Zone. This fold zone has not been previously mapped and is one of many structural features identified by the geophysical survey which Benton intends to inspect in the field.

Subsequent to June 30, 2019, the Company signed a binding letter of intent ("BLOI") with Maxtech Ventures Inc. ("MVT") under the terms of which MVT will have the option to earn a 100% interest in the Panama project. Pursuant to the terms of the BLOI, Maxtech will have a 30-day due diligence period and, subject to regulatory approval, will commit to the following:

- Issue 2,000,000 Maxtech common shares to Benton upon completion of due diligence review at an underlying price of \$0.05 per share; Pay Benton \$100,000 in cash or share equivalent on the first anniversary, based upon a 10-day VWAP at the time of the payment and complete \$200,000 in exploration expenditures on the property;
- Pay Benton \$100,000 in cash or share equivalent on the second anniversary, based upon a 10-day VWAP at the time of the payment and complete an additional \$250,000 in exploration expenditures on the property at which point a 50% ownership interest will vest to MVT;
- Pay Benton \$100,000 in cash or share equivalent on the third anniversary, based upon a 10-day VWAP at the time of the payment and complete an additional \$250,000 in exploration expenditures on the property at which point a 70% ownership interest will vest to MVT; and
- Pay Benton \$300,000 in cash or share equivalent on the fourth anniversary, based upon a 10-day VWAP at the time of the payment and complete an additional \$300,000 in exploration expenditures on the property at which point a 100% ownership interest will vest to MVT.

The BLOI contains a 2 km area of influence that surrounds the property boundary. Benton will retain a 2% NSR on the Project with MVT having the option to buy back 1% for \$1 million in cash. In addition, MVT will issue to Benton an additional 1 million MVT common shares upon completion of its initial resource estimate as defined in the BLOI.

(e) Other Property

Other Property consists of several early-stage Company projects that the Company is evaluating for exploration potential at present. Included in Other Property are certain projects that are subject to agreements that are more fully described below.

(i) Thunder Bay North/Escape Lake PGE Properties

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company executed separate binding purchase agreements with Rio Tinto Exploration Canada Inc. ('RTEC') (the 'RTEC Agreement') and Panoramic Resources Limited ('PAN') (the 'PAN Agreement') (together the "PGM Project").

Thunder Bay North

Historical Estimate

The TBN Project contains the Current, Bridge and Beaver zones on which the following Historical Estimates* are defined:

Thstorical Es	Instolical Estimate.											
						Grade					Contained Metal	
Resource	Tonnage	Pt (g/t)	Pd (g/t)	Rh (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (%)	Ni (%)	Co (%)	Pt-Eq (g/t)	Pt (oz, 000)	Pd (oz, 000)
Pit Constrain	ed											
Indicated	8,460,000	1.04	0.98	0.04	0.07	1.5	0.25	0.18	0.014	2.13	283	267
Inferred	53,000	0.96	0.89	0.04	0.07	1.6	0.22	0.18	0.014	2	2	2
Underground	d											
Indicated	1,369,000	1.65	1.54	0.08	0.11	2.6	0.43	0.24	0.016	3.67	73	68
Inferred	472,000	1.32	1.25	0.06	0.09	2.1	0.36	0.19	0.011	2.97	20	19
	10,354,000										377,000oz Pt	355,000oz Pd

*Historical Estimate from Thomas, D. et al. 2011: Magma Metals Limited, Thunder Bay North Polymetallic Project Ontario, Canada, NI 43-101 Technical Report on Preliminary Assessment

Mineral Resources at the Thunder Bay North project are considered by Benton to be historic in nature. No qualified person as defined by NI 43-101 has done sufficient work for Benton to classify the historical estimates at Thunder Bay North as current. The Company believes that the historical estimates at both deposits can be used as a guide in determining future exploration drilling and the Company will need to undertake a comprehensive review of available data which may include further drilling to verify the historic estimates at either property in order to reclassify them as current mineral resources. The Company's QP has verified the data but no resampling of core or any other tests on the analytical procedures have been performed by the Company to-date. Verification of historical data will be a top priority for Benton.

Under the PAN Agreement, the Company will acquire PAN's wholly-owned Canadian subsidiary, Panoramic PGMs Canada Ltd., which holds the Thunder Bay North Project (the 'TBN Project') for C\$9 million. The Company will have 60 days upon signing to complete a final purchase and sale agreement plus an additional 60 days to obtain financing and receive all requisite regulatory approvals for the transaction. Upon signing the final purchase and sale agreement, Benton will pay PAN a \$250,000 deposit which will be offset against the purchase price. The TBN Project has an existing 3% NSR on a number of claims located within the claims package.

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company has amended (the 'Amending Agreement') the binding purchase agreement signed on July 2, 2019 with PAN.

Benton will now pay the C\$9 million Purchase Price over four installments, as set out below:

- C\$4.5 million on the completion of the definitive PAN Agreement;
- C\$1.5 million on the first anniversary of the completion of the PAN Agreement;
- C\$1.5 million on the second anniversary of the completion of the PAN Agreement; and
- C\$1.5 million on the third anniversary of the PAN Agreement.

The Company will pledge security for the three deferred payments by providing a first registered security over the TBN PGM Project Property and the shares of Panoramic PGMs Canada Ltd to PAN.

Completion of the sale of Panoramic PGMs Canada Ltd. to Benton is still subject to the following conditions precedent:

- signing a Definitive Agreement;
- receipt of any necessary regulatory approvals and shareholder approvals required by Benton;
- Benton raising sufficient finance to fund the Purchase Price;
- Rio Tinto Exploration Canada Inc. ("RTEC") and Benton completing the acquisition by Benton of the Escape Lake Project from RTEC; and
- Panoramic PGMs Canada Ltd. being released from its future obligations under the Earn-in with Option to Joint Venture Agreement ("EJVA") with RTEC that was signed in July 2014.

Other Terms:

- Definitive Agreement the Amending Agreement states that both parties will complete and sign the Definitive Agreement within 30 days of the date of the Amending Agreement. If the Definitive Agreement is not signed within 30 days of the date of the Amending Agreement, the Amending Agreement will terminate. Panoramic can extend the 30-day period at its discretion, which was done subsequently with such extension granted to November 3, 2019; and
- All other terms originally set out in the PAN Agreement remain unchanged.

Escape Lake

The 220-hectare Escape Lake property is located within the TBN Project claim block and along the interpreted conduit system which contains/controls the Pt-Pd-Base Metal mineralization on the TBN Project. RTEC staked the Escape Lake block in 2006 and performed successive rounds of limited diamond drilling between 2010 and 2012, the results of which until now had not been released publicly. These programs yielded impressive drill intercepts highlighted by drill holes 12CL0009 and 11CL0005. High-grade intercepts from these programs over a 1 km strike length are presented in the table below:

Hole	From	То	Interval	Au (g/t)	Pt (g/t)	Pd (g/t)	Cu (%)	Ni (%)	Au+Pt+Pd (g/t)	Cu+Ni (%)
08CL0001	280.1	340.4	60.30	0.02	0.17	0.19	0.06	0.13	0.37	0.191
	362.5	373.4	10.90	0.09	1.05	1.21	0.46	0.23	2.346	0.697
incl	367.4	371.9	4.50	0.15	1.80	2.10	0.77	0.36	4.05	1.133
10CL0002	259.8	313.4	53.60	0.01	0.11	0.13	0.05	0.12	0.247	0.165
10CL0003	205.5	232.8	27.30	0.10	1.15	1.30	0.43	0.22	2.543	0.655
incl	223.5	228	4.50	0.15	2.13	2.46	0.76	0.45	4.747	1.21
10CL0004	366	402.5	36.50	0.02	0.22	0.29	0.11	0.12	0.531	0.233
	385.5	399.5	14.00	0.03	0.39	0.52	0.19	0.14	0.939	0.33
	389.98	399.5	9.52	0.04	0.50	0.66	0.24	0.15	1.205	0.39
11CL0005	306.5	468.82	162.32	0.06	0.61	0.76	0.28	0.19	1.425	0.473
	387	461.4	74.40	0.11	1.20	1.52	0.56	0.26	2.834	0.828
	387	427.67	40.67	0.18	1.92	2.48	0.89	0.36	4.576	1.256
	387	415	28.00	0.22	2.44	3.18	1.11	0.41	5.849	1.5233
	399.25	406	6.75	0.46	5.33	6.86	2.36	0.69	12.65	3.055
11CL0007	391.5	431.22	39.72	0.16	2.10	2.74	0.92	0.49	5.007	1.41
incl	394.3	405.11	10.81	0.18	3.38	4.62	1.60	0.93	8.171	2.532
11CL0008	387.93	427.33	39.40	0.25	2.64	3.31	1.13	0.41	6.195	1.544
incl	399	407.33	8.33	0.62	6.46	7.84	2.68	0.74	14.909	3.422
12CL0009	391.01	512.65	121.64	0.07	1.04	1.37	0.52	0.34	2.491	0.859
	391.01	424.4	33.39	0.19	3.01	4.08	1.49	0.77	7.281	2.262
12CL0010	300	394.5	94.50	0.02	0.17	0.19	0.07	0.13	0.382	0.202
	388.5	394.5	6.00	0.13	0.89	0.97	0.37	0.17	1.994	0.532
12CL0011	378	408	30.00	0.22	1.56	1.84	0.63	0.23	3.609	0.865
	383.9	405	21.10	0.25	1.82	2.17	0.74	0.26	4.241	1.005
12CL0012	387.36	438.11	50.75	0.12	1.41	1.81	0.69	0.39	3.344	1.082
15TB0007	152	175.7	23.70	0.02	0.20	0.23	0.08	0.08	0.451	0.161
	189.55	277	87.45	0.02	0.19	0.20	0.08	0.10	0.409	0.178
15TB0009	162.82	226	63.18	0.02	0.18	0.20	0.07	0.08	0.39	0.152
15TB0010	179.1	253.5	74.40	0.04	0.50	0.56	0.21	0.15	1.099	0.359
	240	244.5	4.50	0.10	1.25	1.33	0.51	0.24	2.68	0.753
15TB0011	186.5	255	68.50	0.04	0.44	0.53	0.18	0.14	1.004	0.321
	207.95	217.12	9.17	0.10	1.26	1.61	0.55	0.30	2.962	0.854
16TB0012	282	302.25	20.25	0.02	0.13	0.21	0.07	0.09	0.351	0.164
16TB0014	204	231	27.00	0.01	0.15	0.19	0.06	0.09	0.347	0.155
	225	228.55	3.55	0.05	0.47	0.61	0.19	0.09	1.127	0.28
16TB0015	297.08	301	3.92	0.06	0.55	0.72	0.27	0.12	1.326	0.397
16TB0017	212.2	225	12.80	0.02	0.14	0.19	0.06	0.07	0.343	0.133
16TB0018	285	390.76	105.76	0.02	0.15	0.17	0.06	0.13	0.34	0.188
incl	360	372	12.00	0.07	0.59	0.68	0.23	0.17	1.343	0.394
16TB0021	213.2	266.05	52.85	0.01	0.16	0.18	0.07	0.12	0.351	0.188
16TB0023	240.42	261.91	21.49	0.03	0.31	0.38	0.13	0.14	0.72	0.272
	240.42	252	11.58	0.04	0.47	0.57	0.21	0.17	1.079	0.378

A map of the PGM Projects and drill hole locations can be viewed on the Company's web site.

Pursuant to the RTEC Agreement, Benton will purchase a 100% interest in RTEC's Escape Lake property for C\$6 million (the "Escape Lake Purchase Price"), subject to obtaining financing and receipt of regulatory approval. The Company is to obtain commitments for C\$4 million of the Escape Lake Purchase Price within 90 days of execution of the RTEC Agreement and closing of the acquisition and payment off the C\$6 million Escape Lake Purchase Price is to take place within 10 days of securing financing. RTEC will retain a 1% Net Smelter Royalty ('NSR') on the Escape Lake portion of the PGM Project.

Closing of the purchase of the PGM Project is also contingent upon both RTEC and PAN releasing each other from all future obligations from the earn-in with option to joint venture agreement that is currently in place. The Company is currently working diligently to secure strategically advantageous financing for these acquisitions so as to move forward in the best interests of shareholders.

(ii) Abernethy

Highlights:

- 100% owned by the Company with no underlying NSR.
- Property consists of 9 claims totaling 67 units located 10km southwest of Kenora, Ontario.
- Covers a historically defined 640m long and up to 210m wide electromagnetic conductor outlined by Hudson Bay Exploration and Development Co. Ltd. in 1974. The anomaly was tested by Hudson Bay with a single drill hole that intersected anomalous gold throughout, including one section that returned 17.8gpt gold over 1.52m. Subsequently in 1987 the project was acquired by Mingold Resources Inc. who further tested the same zone with two diamond drill holes spaced 61m apart. This drilling also intersected significant anomalous gold throughout both drill holes including 6.30gpt gold over 6.1m in drill hole ABE-1 and 1.62gpt gold over 6.7m (including 10.0gpt gold over 0.61m) in drill hole ABE-3.
- Benton completed a 1,400m drill program in 2011, which was successful in confirming and expanding the mineralization in strike length and at shallow depths. Drill results were as follows:

Hole ID	From	То	Core length (m)	Grade (gpt gold)
ABE11-01	102.40	103.00	0.60	4.48
and	121.15	127.00	5.85	2.63
includes	125.50	127.00	1.50	7.78
and	151.70	153.20	1.50	1.69
ABE11-03	46.50	49.50	3.00	0.98
ABE11-04	94.40	96.10	1.70	1.85
and	110.8	115.200	4.40	2.56
includes	110.8	112.30	1.50	6.96
and	133.5	134.05	.55	1.22
ABE11-05	70.90	73.40	2.50	0.34
ABE11-06	117.75	130.70	12.95	0.45
includes	117.75	119.70	1.95	1.46
and	128.10	130.70	2.60	0.78
ABE11-07 *	123.50	216.00	92.50	0.46
includes	156.50	164.00	7.50	2.24
ABE11-08	4.90	10.45	5.55	0.48
and	66.25	67.75	1.50	1.22
ABE11-09	39.25	41.70	2.45	0.82
and	75.50	76.40	1.32	0.90
and	127.75	131.50	3.75	0.48

Plans:

The Company has no current plans or budgets dedicated to exploring this claim package. The Company will continue to seek out a partner to advance this exciting gold project.

(iii) Providence Ni-Cu-PGM

Highlights:

- Acquired 100% interest from Platinum Group Metals Ltd. ("Platinum Group") in fiscal 2016.
- Comprised of 11 mining leases and located in the Northwest Territories ("NWT") within 70km of the Diavik Diamond Mine.
- Underlying NSR of 0.75% in favour of Platinum Group as well as a 0.5% NSR to Arctic Star Exploration Corp.
- Covers approximately 20km of the Providence Lake Volcanic Belt, a suite of ultramafic to mafic rocks with the potential to host komatiitic Ni-Cu-Co-PGM deposits of economic importance.
- Equipped with an established camp, equipment and a well-assembled data base of drilling, geology, geophysics, geochemistry and modelling, which have totaled more than \$5.5 million in historical expenditures.
- Historic drilling consists of approximately 6,000m in 31 drill holes and has produced exciting results, of which some of the intersections of the massive sulphide mineralization are listed below:

Core Length (m)	Ni (%)	Cu (%)	Co (%)	Pt (gpt)	Pd (gpt)	Rh (gpt)
5.1	1.73	1.75	0.17	0.25	1.23	0.79
2.3	1.67	0.75	0.17	8.79	1.23	0.28
5.7	1.13	0.85	0.11	3.7	1.1	0.26
4.25	1.79	1.41	0.15	0.13	1.9	
3.65	1.79	1.41	0.15	0.12	2.16	

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Company executed a binding letter of intent ("LOI") with Matador Capital whereby Matador Capital has acquired the right to acquire a 100% interest in Benton's Providence Copper-Nickel-PGM project (the "Providence Option"). Under the terms of the LOI, Benton granted to Matador Capital the exclusive right (the "Exclusivity Period") to negotiate the terms of the transaction, enter into a definitive agreement and/or exercise the Option during the 30-day period following execution of the LOI in consideration for the payment of AUD \$10,000 within 10 days of signing the LOI. The Exclusivity Period was to be extended for the following periods at Matador Capital's election provided they paid the following amounts to Benton:

- For a further five (5) months by paying Benton AUD \$90,000 within 30 days of executing the LOI (received);
- For a further two (2) months by paying an additional AUD \$100,000 within six (6) months of executing the LOI (not exercised).

During the year ended June 30, 2019, The Company amended its LOI with Matador Capital and completed the sale of the Providence project for a one-time final cash payment of AUD \$30,000 (in addition to the AUD \$100,000 previously paid to the Company) which was received in the current year. Matador Capital will assign the LOI to AGR Resources Pty Ltd. ("AGR"), an affiliate of Matador Capital. AGR assumed responsibility for the underlying NSR's and granted an additional 1% NSR in favour of Benton of which 0.5% can be purchased by AGR for AUD \$500,000.

(iv) Bark Lake

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Company executed an option to joint venture agreement (the "Option") with Rio Tinto Exploration Canada Inc. ("RTEC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Rio Tinto, on the Company's 100%-owned Bark Lake copper, nickel and platinum group elements ("Cu-Ni-PGE") project, located in the Boot Bay area, Northwestern Ontario. Under the terms of the Option, RTEC can earn a 70% interest by incurring \$3 million in exploration expenditures and by paying Benton \$50,000 cash over five years (the "First Option") (\$30,000 received). After the First Option period, RTEC may either form a joint venture with Benton on a 70/30 basis or, at its election, increase its interest to 80% (the "Second Option") by spending an additional \$5 million in exploration expenditures over 4 years and by paying Benton \$100,000 cash within 30 days after electing to exercise the Second Option. Upon exercising the Second Option, RTEC may elect to form a joint venture with Benton on an 80/20 basis.

(iv) Alder East

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Company executed an option agreement with Sokoman Iron Corp. ("Sokoman") on the Company's Alder East property consisting of a single license, containing 20 units, located in central Newfoundland. Under the terms of the option agreement, Sokoman has the option to earn a 100% interest in the Alder East property under the following terms:

- Paying Benton \$1,500 cash (received) and issuing 1 million common shares (received) of Sokoman upon signing, acceptance and approval by the TSX Venture Exchange (accepted and approved);
- Issuing 500,000 common shares to Benton on the first anniversary of the option agreement (received);
- Issuing 500,000 common shares to Benton on second anniversary of the option agreement; (received)
- Benton will retain a 2% NSR on the Alder East project with Sokoman having the option to buy-back 1% NSR for \$1 million;
- Sokoman agrees to keep ground in good standing throughout the option period and if returned to Benton it is to be returned with at least 6 months of assessment credit;
- Paying Benton \$100,000 in cash, common shares of Sokoman or a combination of cash and shares upon completion of an NI 43-101 compliant Mineral Resource estimate;
- Paying Benton \$200,000 in cash, common shares of Sokoman or a combination of cash and shares upon completion of a pre-feasibility study; and
- Paying Benton \$300,000 in cash, shares or a combination of cash and shares upon completion of a final/full/bankable feasibility study.

(v) Shebandowan

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the company executed an option agreement with White Metal Resources Corp. ("White Metal") (a company related by common director Michael Stares) on the Company's Shebandowan project, which consists of 135 units in 12 claims in the Burchell Lake, Greenwater Lake and Kashabowie Lake areas in the Thunder Bay mining district. White Metal has the option to earn a 100% interest in the Shebandowan property under the following terms:

- Paying Benton \$15,000 cash (received) and issuing 200,000 common shares (received) of White Metal on signing, acceptance and approval by the TSX Venture Exchange (accepted and approved);
- Benton will retain a 2% NSR on the Shebandowan property with White Metal having the option to buyback 1% NSR for \$1 million;
- White Metal agrees to keep all claims in good standing and should White Metal elect to drop any claims contained within the option agreement, they must be in good standing for a minimum of six months at the time of election; and
- Paying Benton \$500,000 in cash, common shares of White Metal or a combination of cash and shares at White Metal's election upon completion of an NI 43-101 compliant Mineral Resource estimate on any claims contained within the option agreement.

(vi) Bold Project

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Company acquired by staking a 100% interest in the Bold cobalt-coppernickel project located 50km northeast of Mine Centre, Ontario. Subsequent to staking the four separate claim blocks that compose the Bold project, the Company entered into an option agreement with ASX-listed Ardiden Limited (ASX: ADV) whereby Ardiden acquired 100% interest by paying Benton \$10,000 cash (received) and 200,000 ordinary shares (received). During the year ended June 30, 2019, Ardiden surrendered the Bold project claims upon which the Company reacquired the claims via staking.

(vii) GNP Project

During the year ended June 30, 2018 the Company acquired a 100% interest by staking in two claim blocks totalling 233 units in northern Newfoundland near St. Anthony (the "GNP Project"). During the current year the Company applied for and received a permit from the Government of Newfoundland and completed airborne surveys (magnetic (Mag) and electromagnetic (AEM)). During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company determined that no further work would be completed at GNP and wrote off \$63,787 in deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures.

(viii) Cape Eagle

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Company acquired the Cape Eagle project on the Great Northern Peninsula of Newfoundland by staking four licenses containing 228 claim units, which cover similar geology to that of the Company's GNP project and that of White Metal's new black shale discovery of anomalous gold values over approximately a 15 square kilometre area. The Company completed an airborne Mag/EM survey concurrently with the GNP project survey located 26 km to the north. The new property may also have base metal potential as it surrounds Altius Minerals Corporation's Sail Pond project, which is host to high grade silver, copper, lead and zinc mineralization. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company determined that no further work would be completed at Cape Eagle and wrote off \$70,797 in deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures.

(ix) Bolton Bay

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Company signed a Letter of Intent ("LOI") to acquire the Bolton Bay gold project located 120km west of Thunder Bay adjacent to the east boundary of Benton's Bark Lake project. Benton had the option to earn a 100% interest in Bolton Bay by making cash payments totaling \$174,000 (\$12,000 paid) and by issuing 425,000 common shares (50,000 issued) over a period of five years following the execution of the LOI. The vendor retained a 2% NSR of which the Company could purchase 1% NSR for \$1 million and retained a right of first refusal to purchase the remaining 1% NSR. The Company received regulatory approval of the agreement in the current period.

The Bolton Bay project has the potential to host gold as well as copper-nickel-platinum-palladium mineralization of economic interest. Recent work completed by the vendor identified mafic intrusive rock units similar to those hosting copper-nickel-platinum-palladium mineral-rich boulders found on the Bark Lake property. Historical work completed by Falconbridge Ltd. and Inco Ltd. identified numerous mineralized zones across the property. Diamond drilling by Falconbridge in 1974 returned intercepts of 0.13 oz/t gold over 23ft (4.46gpt over 7.01m) including 0.288 oz/t gold over 10 feet (9.87gpt over 3.05m).

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company completed a trenching program on the project that included at total of eight mechanically-stripped areas spread over a 3.5km strike length in locations of previously known gold mineralization and newly identified prospective zones. A total of 137 channel samples was cut and 72 grab samples collected and submitted for assay.

Results from the Company's sampling at the historical "West Zone" range from trace to 20.20gpt Au in grab samples, as well as up to 0.90gpt Au over 17m in channel sampling. The stripping of overburden at the West Zone uncovered a vertical quartz breccia pipe hosting the gold mineralization. The vertical nature of this structure may have negatively affected the drilling strategy carried out during historical exploration. The sporadic nature of the higher-grade gold concentrations made the West Zone a good candidate for bulk sampling and future diamond drilling.

Of particular interest to the Company was a new deformation/shear zone containing green mica (fuchsite or roscoelite), quartz and quartz carbonate within a silicified volcanic over 16m containing 0.42gpt Au over 7.5m including 1.2gpt over 1m. More channel sampling in this area was completed to determine the full width of the zone. Each trench had channel samples containing anomalous gold assays associated with deformed rock related to shearing.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company completed diamond drilling at the Bolton Bay project. The program was designed to test several areas on the project including two holes that targeted the projected down plunge mineralization envelope of the historical "West Zone". The third hole tested a newly discovered deformation/shear zone containing green mica (fuchsite or roscoelite), quartz and quartz carbonate within a silicified volcanic which graded 0.42g/t Au over 7.5m including 1.20gpt Au over 1m. The fourth hole tested a copper-nickel-platinum-palladium target where anomalous mineralization was discovered at surface.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company released results from the drill program. While the results prove that the Bolton Bay project has potential for widespread gold mineralization, the drilling failed to intersect a higher grade, sulphide-rich 'pocket' from which Benton surface samples returned up to 145gpt Au during the summer of 2018.

	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Grade (gpt Au)
BB-18-01	7.6	43.6	36.0	0.30
Incl.	39.6	43.6	4.0	0.83
Incl.	40.6	41.6	1.0	2.55
BB-18-02	23.4	67.4	44.0	0.36
Incl.	23.4	41.4	18.0	0.54
Incl.	23.4	34.4	11.0	0.74
Incl.	23.4	24.4	1.0	3.37
Incl.	33.4	34.4	1.0	3.77
BB-18-03	53.0	56.0	3.0	0.42
BB-18-04			NSA*	

Results from the four drill holes appear below:

N D T CI A	N.T.	· · · · · ·	
NNA=	NO.	significant	assavs
1 1011	110	Significant	abbayb

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company determined that the exploration results to date would not justify any further work and as a result informed the vendor that the project would be returned and the option agreement would be terminated. As a result, the Company has written off \$165,497 in deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures in the current year ended June 30, 2019.

(x) Conche

The Company entered into an option agreement (the "Option") with Quadro Resources Inc. ("Quadro") pursuant to which Quadro has acquired the right to earn the Company's 33.33% interest in the Conche Property (acquired during fiscal 2018 via joint staking efforts with Quadro, Metals Creek Resources Corp. and the Company) on Newfoundland's Great Northern Peninsula. In order to exercise the Option, Quadro is required to issue 1 million Quadro shares to the Company over an eighteen month period with 200,000 shares owed upon receipt of regulatory approval (received September 27, 2018), a further 300,000 shares to be issued within six months of receipt of regulatory approval (March 27, 2019 – not received) and the final 500,000 shares within eighteen months of receiving regulatory approval (March 27, 2020). Upon completion of the share payments, the Company was to retain a 1% NSR with Quadro having the right to purchase 50% of the NSR for \$500,000. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company was informed by Quadro that they were terminating the option agreement and the project reverted to a 33.33% interest to each company (Benton, Metals Creek Resources and Quadro) and a joint venture is to be formed. As a result, the March 27, 2019 share payment from Quadro was not made to the Company and Quadro is no longer obligated to make the March 27, 2020 share payment to the Company.

(xii) Goodchild

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company entered into an asset purchase/sale agreement with Canadian Orebodies Inc. ("Canadian Orebodies"), a company listed on the TSX Venture Exchange trading under the symbol "CORE", whereby the Company sold the southwest portion the Goodchild Lake mining property (the "Property"). The portion of the Property sold consists of 31 claim cells totaling approximately 500 hectares. As consideration for the purchase, Canadian Orebodies issued Benton 100,000 common shares in the capital stock of the Canadian Orebodies and granted Benton a 1.5% NSR. Canadian Orebodies will have the option to buy-down 50% of the NSR at any time for the sum of \$750,000. The purchase agreement was approved by the TSX Venture Exchange and the 100,000 shares were received during the year ended June 30, 2019.

(xiii) Baril Lake

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company entered into an option to purchase agreement with Rio Tinto Exploration Canada Inc. ("RTEC") whereby RTEC has the right to earn a 100% interest in the Company's Baril Lake claims located approximately 5km west of the Company's Bark Lake project, which is currently under option to RTEC. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, RTEC can earn 100% of the Baril project by paying the Company

\$200,000 (\$25,000 received) over 4 years and should RTEC achieve commercial production at the project, it will pay the Company an additional \$1,000,000. The Company also retains a 2% NSR, half of which (1% NSR) can be purchased by RTEC for \$1,000,000.

(f) Write-downs/Recoveries/Disposals

Reductions to the carrying costs of mineral properties result from amounts recorded for write-downs and for cost recoveries or earn-ins or dispositions during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
	\$	\$
Write-downs:		
Cape Ray	-	19,470
Other Properties	321,355	61,128
Total	321,355	80,598
Recoveries/Dispositions:		
Cape Ray	-	2,369,333
Other Properties - Staghorn	-	676,234
Bedivere	100,000	-
Other Properties	37,296	89,680
Total	137,296	3,135,247

Management of the Company has reviewed all ongoing exploration projects and determined that no further writedowns of capitalized exploration and development expenditures are required at this time. The Company will continue to assess the exploration potential of each project on a recurring basis and make adjustments when necessary.

SELECTED ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Description	Year ended June 30, 2019 \$	Year ended June 30, 2018 \$	Year ended June 30, 2017 \$
Operating expenses	1,167,420	1,170,949	1,829,497
Interest income	58,502	13,911	38,402
Adjustment to fair market value of held for trading investments	(466,598)	(23,876)	(551,951)
Write-down of mineral properties	(321,354)	(80,598)	(678,649)
Net income (loss) being comprehensive income (loss)	(1,330,133)	2,073,348	(2,220,958)
Income (loss) per share – basic (1) (2)	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)
Cumulative mineral properties and deferred development expenditures	1,923,643	1,562,802	3,485,624
Total assets	7,675,434	8,891,513	6,524,917

- (1) Basic per share calculations are made using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the year.
- (2) Earnings (loss) per share on a diluted basis is the same as the basic calculation per share as all factors are antidilutive.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

Three Month Period Ending	Net Income/(Loss) \$	Net Income/(Loss) per Share Basic and Diluted (1) (2) \$
June 30, 2019	288,344	(0.00)
March 31, 2019	(312,028)	(0.00)
December 31, 2018	(1,368,712)	(0.02)
September 30, 2018	62,263	0.00
June 30, 2018	2,717,986	0.03
March 31, 2018	(259,463)	-
December 31, 2017	(90,014)	-
September 30, 2017	(295,161)	-

- (1) Basic loss per share calculations are made using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period.
- (2) Income (loss) per share on a diluted basis is the same as the basic calculation per share as all factors are antidilutive.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company's cash on hand decreased by \$114,599 to \$65,665, a change related to the timing of the redemption of temporary investments to retain cash on hand. Accounts and other receivables of \$73,361 (June 30, 2018 - \$5,431,105) at June 30, 2019 consisted of HST and other receivables and declined significantly as a result of the receipt of the proceeds from Matador Mining for the sale of the Cape Ray property. Exploration and evaluation assets increased from \$1,562,802 at June 30, 2018 to \$1,923,643 at June 30, 2019 due mainly to exploration and evaluation activity at the Company's Panama Lake project. Share capital increased by \$13,500 to \$27,639,934 at June 30, 2019 related to the value of the common shares issued to the Bedivere property optionors (June 30, 2018 - \$27,626,434).

SHARE DATA

As at October 3, 2019, the Company has 84,168,531 common shares issued and outstanding as well as stock options to purchase an aggregate of 6,595,000 common shares expiring between May 13, 2020 and March 28, 2024 exercisable between \$0.07 and \$0.10 per share. For additional details of share data, please refer to note 8 of the June 30, 2019 audited financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, temporary investments, accounts and other receivables, longterm investments, refundable security deposits and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. It is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has net working capital as at June 30, 2019 of \$3,315,591 (\$6,772,989 as at June 30, 2018) and cash on hand of \$65,665 (\$180,264 as at June 30, 2018) and a deficit of \$21,863,071 (\$20,532,938 as at June 30, 2018).

The Company did not complete any private placements during the year ended June 30, 2019.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Company completed the following flow-through private placement:

• The Company completed a non-brokered flow-through private placement for gross proceeds of \$305,000, consisting of 3,812,500 flow-through units ("FT Units") at a price of \$0.08 per FT Unit. Each FT Unit includes one (1) full Common Share Purchase Warrant exercisable at \$0.25 for 12 months from the date of issuance. All securities issued in the placement are subject to a four-month hold period. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid cash finders' fees totalling \$12,600 as well as 157,500 finders' warrants exercisable at \$0.25 for 12 months from the date of issuance, which expired unexercised in November 2018.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern, which assumes the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. The appropriateness of the going concern assumption is dependent upon the Company's ability to generate future profitable operations and/or generate continued financial support in the form of equity financings. The financial statements do not reflect any adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and balance sheet classification that would be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate and such adjustments could be material.

The recovery of amounts shown as exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable mineral resources, the ability of the Company to obtain adequate financing to complete development, and upon future profitable operations from the properties or proceeds from the dispositions thereof.

The Company currently has no operations that generate cash flow and its long-term financial success is contingent upon management's ability to locate economically recoverable mineral resources. This process can take many years to complete, cannot be guaranteed of success, and is also subject to factors beyond the control of management. Factors such as commodity prices, the health of the equity markets and the track record and experience of management all impact the Company's ability to raise funds to complete exploration and development programs.

The Company has taken numerous steps to ensure that it will continue to have adequate working capital to fund operations. The Company has set a conservative exploration budget for the upcoming periods that will focus on a few key project advancement initiatives. It has reduced its budget for new project evaluation and generation substantially to ensure exploration is focused on advancing primary projects. This has also reduced the need for additional field personnel, which will reduce labour costs. As well, the Company has and will continue to actively seek out strategic joint venture partners on certain of its projects to ensure that they will be advanced while at the same time preserving its capital. The Company has also reviewed corporate overhead costs to allow for only essential expenditures.

The Company anticipates that the continued sale of flow-through shares/warrants should enable it to maintain exploration activities on its mineral properties, however, there can be no assurance that these activities will be sufficient to enable the Company to carry on its planned activities given the current economic climate specifically as it affects junior mineral exploration companies.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are as follows:

- i) To safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern;
- ii) To raise sufficient capital to finance its exploration and development activities on its mineral exploration properties;
- iii) To raise sufficient capital to meet its general and administrative expenditures.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it based on the general economic conditions, its short-term working capital requirements, and its planned exploration and development program expenditure requirement. The capital structure of the Company is composed of working capital and shareholders' equity. The Company may manage its capital by issuing flow-through or common shares, or by obtaining additional financing.

The Company utilizes annual capital and operating expenditure budgets to facilitate the management of its capital requirement. These budgets are approved by management and the Board of Directors and updated for changes in the budgets' underlying assumptions as necessary.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. The financial statements include estimates, which by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and the revision affects both current and future periods. Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the balance sheet date that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- i. the recoverability of amounts receivable and prepayments, which are included in the statements of financial position;
- ii. the carrying amount and recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after costs are capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off to profit or loss in the period the new information becomes available;
- iii. the estimated useful lives of property and equipment, which are included in the statement of financial position and the related depreciation included in the statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended June 30, 2019;
- iii. the inputs used in accounting for share-based payment expense in the statement of comprehensive loss.

Critical accounting judgments

The following accounting policies involve judgments or assessments made by management:

- The determination of categories of financial assets and financial liabilities;
- The determination of a cash-generating unit for assessing and testing impairment;
- The allocation of exploration costs to cash-generating units; and
- The determination of when an exploration and evaluation asset moves from the exploration stage to the development stage.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not participated in any off-balance sheet or income statement arrangements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company paid or accrued the following amounts to related parties during the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Payee	Description of Relationship	Nature of Transaction	June 2019 Amount (\$)	June, 2018 Amount (\$)
Stares Contracting Corp.	Company controlled by Stephen Stares, Director and Officer and Michael Stares, Director	Equipment purchases included exploration and evaluation assets	-	1,600

Gordon J. Fretwell Law Corporation	Company controlled by Gordon Fretwell, Officer and former director	Legal fees and disbursements charged/accrued during the period	29,677	22,362
Michael Stares	Director	Equipment rentals included in exploration and evaluation assets	1,840	1,000
Stares Prospecting Ltd.	Company controlled by Alexander Stares, Brother of Stephen and Michael Stares	Prospecting services, equipment rentals and expenses included in exploration and evaluation assets	-	529

The purchases from and fees charged by the related parties are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company paid director fees to one of its directors totaling \$10,000 for services rendered on the Company's Audit Committee (June 30, 2018 - \$10,000). The director is to receive \$2,500 per quarter.

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$9,395 (June 30, 2018 - nil) to Gordon J. Fretwell Law Corporation (inclusive of HST). The repayment terms are similar to the repayment terms of non-related party trade payables.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company invoiced White Metal Resources Corp. (related by common director Michael Stares) \$20,358 (inclusive of HST) for field, technical and accounting support as well office rental and reimbursement of expenses (June 30, 2018 - \$57,905).

Key management personnel remuneration during current period included \$375,505 (June 30, 2018 - \$525,799) in salaries and benefits and \$28,714 (June 30, 2018 - \$31,120) in share-based payments. The Company paid \$nil (June 30-2018 - \$72,000) in a retiring allowance under the terms of a severance agreement with a retiring key management member.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In addition to subsequent events mentioned elsewhere in this MD&A, the following occurred subsequent to June 30, 2019:

• The Company sold 8.0 million shares of Matador Mining Ltd. for gross proceeds of CDN\$1.803 million. Proceeds will be used to help finance the purchase of Rio Tinto's Escape Lake Deposit and Panoramic's Thunder Bay North Deposit. Benton continues to hold 800,000 warrants of Matador with a strike price of AUD\$0.30.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Except as otherwise discussed, the Company is in compliance with commitments required by contractual obligations in the normal course of business.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Company entered into an office lease agreement for its head office premises. The initial term of the lease is for three years commencing on June 1, 2016 and will terminate on the last day of May 2019. The lease is a triple net lease paid in monthly installments of \$3,100 plus HST, which includes base rent and prescribed additional rents as per the agreement with annual adjustments to additional rents based on actual costs. Pursuant to the lease, the Company is entitled to an extension at the end of the initial three-year term for an additional two-year term and, following that, an additional extension at the end of the fifth year of the term for an additional five-year period at amounts negotiated at that time. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the

Company exercised its right to an extension for an additional two year period effective June 1, 2019 paid in monthly installments of \$3,859 plus HST, which includes base rent and prescribed additional rents as per the agreement with annual adjustments to additional rents based on actual costs

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company leased a truck from Toyota Financial Services commencing on December 11, 2018 for a term of 40 months and terminating on April 11, 2022. The lease is paid in monthly installments of \$510 plus HST. The lease contains a Lease End Purchase Option that will allow the Company to purchase the truck at the end of the lease for \$25,766 plus HST and any applicable fees.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company engaged CHF Capital Markets ("CHF") for investment community outreach, corporate communications, branding and social & digital marketing is for a fixed term of twelve months ending February 28, 2020. Thereafter, the contract may be extended month to month with a two months cancellation notice. Under the terms of the agreement, CHF will receive \$6,250 per month in fees and reimbursement of approved expenses. A share option consisting of 100,000 shares exercisable at 0.10 cents for a period of 5 years, expiring March 28, 2024.

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS")

Statement of Compliance

These financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared using accounting policies in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") in effect as of June 30, 2019.

New and Future Accounting Pronouncements

The following standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company has not early adopted these standards and is currently assessing the impact they will have on the financial statements.

Leases (IFRS 16), Leases was issued by the IASB in January 2016 and is effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The new standard will replace IAS 17 'Leases' and will eliminate the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases and, instead, introduce a single lessee accounting model. The Standard provides a single lessee accounting model, specifying how leases are recognised, measured, presented and disclosed. The Company is currently assessing the financial and operational impact of this standard.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Nature of Mineral Exploration and Mining

At the present time, the Company does not hold any interest in a mining property in production. The Company's viability and potential success lie in its ability to discover, develop, exploit and generate revenue out of mineral deposits. The exploration and development of mineral deposits involve significant financial risks over a significant period of time, which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. While discovery of a mine may result in substantial rewards, few properties, which are explored, are ultimately developed into producing mines. Major expenses may be required to establish Mineral Resources and/or Reserves by drilling and to construct mining and processing facilities at a site. It is impossible to ensure that the current or proposed exploration programs on exploration properties in which the Company has an interest will result in a profitable commercial mining operation.

The operations of the Company are subject to all of the hazards and risks normally coincident with exploration and development of mineral properties, any of which could result in damage to life or property, environmental damage and possible legal liability for any or all damage. The activities of the Company may be subject to prolonged disruptions due to weather conditions depending on the location of operations in which the Company has interests. Hazards, such as an unusual or unexpected rock formation, rock bursts, pressures, cave-ins, flooding or other conditions may be encountered in the drilling and removal of material. While the Company may obtain insurance against certain risks in such amounts as it considers adequate, the nature of these risks is such that liabilities could exceed policy limits or could be excluded from coverage. There are also risks against which the Company cannot

insure or against which it may elect not to insure. The potential costs which could be associated with any liabilities not covered by insurance or in excess of insurance coverage or compliance with applicable laws and regulations may cause substantial delays and require significant capital outlays, adversely affecting the future earnings and competitive position of the Company and, potentially, its financial position.

Whether a mineral deposit will be commercially viable depends on a number of factors, some of which are the particular attributes of the deposit, such as its size and grade, proximity to infrastructure, financing costs and governmental regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, infrastructure, land use, importing and exporting and environmental protection. The effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but the combination of these factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on invested capital.

Fluctuating Prices

Factors beyond the control of the Company may affect the marketability of any copper, nickel, gold, silver, platinum, palladium or any other minerals discovered. Resource prices have fluctuated widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control. The effect of these factors cannot accurately be predicted.

Competition

The mineral exploration and mining business is competitive in all of its phases. The Company competes with numerous other companies and individuals, including competitors with greater financial, technical and other resources than the Company, in the search for and acquisition of attractive mineral properties. The ability of the Company to acquire properties in the future will depend not only on its ability to develop its present properties, but also on its ability to select and acquire suitable properties or prospects for mineral exploration. There is no assurance that the Company will continue to be able to compete successfully with its competitors in acquiring such properties or prospects.

Financing Risks

The Company has limited financial resources and no current revenues. There is no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for further exploration and development of its projects or to fulfill its obligations under applicable agreements. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing through the sale of equity securities, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favourable. Failure to obtain such additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of the property interests of the Company with the possible dilution or loss of such interests.

Permits and Licenses

The operations of the Company may require licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. The Company believes that it presently holds all necessary licenses and permits required to carry on with activities, which it is currently conducting under applicable laws and regulations and the Company believes it is presently complying in all material respects with the terms of such laws and regulations, however, such laws and regulations are subject to change. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all necessary licenses and permits required to carry out exploration, development and mining operations at its projects.

No Assurance of Titles

The acquisition of title to mineral projects is a very detailed and time-consuming process. Although the Company has taken precautions to ensure that legal title to its property interests is properly recorded in the name of the Company where possible, there can be no assurance that such title will ultimately be secured. Furthermore, there is no assurance that the interest of the Company in any of its properties may not be challenged or impugned.

Environmental Regulations

The operations of the Company are subject to environmental regulations promulgated by government agencies from time to time. Environmental legislation provides for restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with certain mineral exploration and mining operations, which would result in environmental pollution. A breach of such legislation may result in the imposition of fines and penalties.

In addition, certain types of operations require the submission and approval of environmental impact assessments. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which means stricter standards, and enforcement, fines and penalties for non-compliance are more stringent. Environmental assessments of proposed projects carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has a potential to reduce the profitability of operations.

Conflicts of Interest

The directors and officers of the Company may serve as directors or officers of other public resource companies or have significant shareholdings in other public resource companies. Situations may arise in connection with potential acquisitions and investments where the other interests of these directors and officers may conflict with the interest of the Company. In the event that such a conflict of interest arises at a meeting of the directors of the Company, a director is required by the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) to disclose the conflict of interest and to abstain from voting on the matter.

From time to time several companies may participate in the acquisition, exploration and development of natural resource properties thereby allowing for their participation in larger programs, permitting involvement in a greater number of programs and reducing financial exposure in respect of any one program. It may also occur that a particular company will assign all or a portion of its interest in a particular program to another of these companies due to the financial position of the company making the assignment. In determining whether or not the Company will participate in a particular program and the interest therein to be acquired by it, the directors will primarily consider the degree of risk to which the Company may be exposed and its financial position at that time.

Dependence on Key Personnel

The Company is dependent on a relatively small number of key people, the loss of any of whom could have an adverse effect on its operations. Any key person insurance, which the Company may have on these individuals may not adequately compensate for the loss of the value of their services.

The MD&A was reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors and is effective as of October 3, 2019.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at <u>www.sedar.com</u> or by visiting the Company's website at <u>www.bentonresources.ca</u>.